

THIS THERE IN THE STREET

सहायक चौथो तह अ. हे. व. तहको पाठ्यक्रम

प्रथम चरण : लिखित परीक्षा

पत्र	विषय	खण्ड	प्रश्नको प्रकृति	प्रश्न संख्या	अंकभार	समय	पुर्णाङ्क	उत्तिर्णाङ्क
प्रथम पत्र	सेवा सम्बन्धी जानकारी	खण्ड (क)	वस्तुगत बह्बैकल्पिक	40	40*2	१ घण्टा	800	80

द्वितिय चरणः अन्तवार्ता

विषय	पुर्णांङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	समय	2
अन्तरवार्ता	२०	मौखिक		

खण्ड (क) सेवा सम्बन्धी जानकारी

Anatomy and physiology

- 1. Anatomical structure and function of the different organs of the body system,
- A. Digestive system
- B. Respiratory system
- C. Cardiovascular system
- D. Reproductive system
- E. Endocrine system
- F. Nervous system
- G. Skeletal system
- H. Sense organ system
- 2. Health education and community Diagnosis

(A)Health Education

- -Health Education, importance and method
- -Communication & barrier of communication
- -Learning process
- -Leadership.

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THE REFERENCE STREET

- (B) School Health
- -Purpose of School Health Program
- -Activities of School Helath Program.
- (C) Community Diagnosis
- -Importance and methods of community diagnosis
- (D)Community Development
- -Objective
- -Methods of community development
- 3. Community Health
- (A) Epidemiology
- i. Definition of Epidemiology
- ii. Scope of Epidemiology
- iii. Vitalstatistic
- iv. Epidemiological investigation
- v. Epidemiological trends
- vi. Disease prevention
- vii. Basic principle of disease transmission
- viii.Immunity.
- (B) Environmental sanitation
- i. Environmental sanitation
- ii. Scope of environmental sanitation
- iii. Water (Source, Water purification) iv. Excreta disposal and faecal born disease
- v. Solid waste method of termination
- vi. Disposal of waste water
- vii. Health & Disease spectrum
- viii.Food sanitation
- ix. Insects and rodents and their importance in public health
- x. Milk hygiene & Milk born disease.
- 4. (A) Basic Medical Procedures and First Aid Treatment
- -First aid:- Shock, Bleeding, burn/scalds fracture, Ear, Throat, Nose and Eye injuries, Poisoning, Snake bite, Insect bite and Animal bite & Frost bite

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- -First aid treatment of electrical injury
- -Drawing, Choking, High fever fit and convulsion
- (B) Basic Medical Procedures
- -Vital signs
- -Investigation process and Importance of urine, Stool, Blood, Sputum pus and throat
- swab collection
- -Bandage (Importance, types & application)
- -Technique of giving injection
- -Sterilization process, importance, type and methods.
- 5. Vector Borne Disease (VBDs):
- i. History and Epidemiology of VBDs- Mode of transmission, causative host, vector and evironment, Life cycle of vectors and agent, parasites/viruses.
- ii. Rationale and Tools and techniques for the Prevention and control of VBDs.
- iii. Clinical features, Diagnosis and Case Management of VBDs
- iv. Nepal's National Goal, objectives, prevention and control strategies, approaches, methods and activities, National Treatment Protocl of VBDs. Trends of transmission, geograpical distribution, epidemiological situation.
- v. Planning for VBDs Prevention and Control at the district and periphery level:
- 1. Analysis of the district VBDs situation.
- 2. Development of District VBDs Profile with the risk areas and population mapped.
- 3. Preparation of Annual Work Plan
- Epidemic Outbreak preparedness and Response
- 5. Surveillance
- 6. Behaviour Change Communication (IEC)
- 7. Recording and Reporting of VBDs
- 8. Referral and follow-up
- 9. Supervision, monitoring and evaluation of VBDs control programs.
- 10. Roles and responsibilities of different level health facilities.
- 11. Techniques of community mobilization for VBDs.
- 6. Maternal and Child Health, Family Planning and Nutriton

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- A. Maternal and Child Health
- i. Antenatal care
- ii. Physiological Change during pregnancy
- iii. Danger signs
- iv. High risk group (mother)
- v. Delivery care vi. Stages of labor
- vii. Difference between false and true labour
- viii. Postnatal care ix. New born Care
- x. Complication of pregnancy
- xi. Abortion
- xii. Ectopic pregnancy
- xiii. Toxemia
- xiv. Mal Presentations
- xv. Ante Partum haemorrihage
- xvi. Poat partum haemorrihage
- xvii. Post partum haemorrihage, retained placenta
- xviii. Definition, signs and symptoms; and management of pelvic infection
- xix. Uterince prolapsed
- xx. Leucorrhoea, Trichomonosis
- xxi. Growth and development of baby
- 3xxii. Milestone development
- xxiii. Definition, causes, signs symptoms and management of Ante

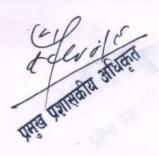
Respiratory Infection (ARI), Diarrheal Diseases

xxiv. Six killer desease (Tuberculosis, Teatunus, Polio, Purtusis, Diphtherial

Measles

- (B)Family Planning
- i. Population education
- ii. Population pyramids
- iii. Consequences of population growth
- iv. Mea rures to slove population problem.
- v. Family planning methods
- vi. Temporary method
- vii. Permanent method

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(C)Nutrition

- i. Source of nutrients
- ii. Nutritional status measurements
- iii. Breast feeding, Weaning and supplementary foods.
- iv. PEM (Protein Energy malnutrition) sign/symptoms, prevention and

treatment

- v. Vitamins, Minerals, sources, deficiency disease, sign/symptom of deficiency disease and management
- 7. Communicable Disease and Microbiology
- A. Microbiology
- i. Micro-orgnisms (Bacteria, virus, parasities fungus, protozoa, helminthes)
- B. Communicable DiseasesCommunicable disease and non communicable disease, causes, clinical features, treatment,

compliation and prevention of

- i. Amoebic, bacillary, dysentery, giardiasis
- ii. Cholera, Tuberculosis, Malaria
- iii. Parasitic Siseases
- iv. Viral Sisease (AIDS, Chicken pox, measles, influenza and common cold, mumps, Rabies, infective, hepatitis, polomyelitis, trachoma)

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- v. Bacterial Discase
- vii. Leprosy, pertusis, tetanus, gastro-enteritis
- vii. Enteric fever, diphtheria, syphilis, gonorrhea.
- 8. Medicine & Surgery:
- A. Medicine:
- 1. Hitory taking/physical examination
- 2. Causes, signs and symptoms, type, prevention, treatement, complication and investigation of
- a. Deficiency disease
- i. Anemia, Protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM), Vitamin deficiency disease.
- b. Digestive System
- i. Gastritis, peptic ulcer, cholecystitis
- iv. Rhinitis
- v. Sinusitis
- vi. Bronchitis
- vii. Pheumothorax

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- d. Cardiovascular System
- i. Hyper Tension
- ii. Congestive Cardiac Failure (CCF)
- iii. Rheumatic fever
- e. Genito Urinary System
- i. Nephritis
- ii. Renal Colic
- iii. Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)
- f Endocrine System
- i. Diabetes
- ii. Hypothyroidism
- iii. Hyperthyroidism
- g. Nervous System
- i. CVA (Cerebro Vascular Accident
- ii. Convulsion iii. Meningitis
- iv. Epilepsy
- v. Unconsciousness
- h. Skin Problem
- i. Scabies
- ii. Ringworm
- iii. Impetigo
- iv. Eczema
- v. Allergies
- B Surgery:
- 1. Definition Clinical Features and appropriate treatment of:
- i. Boils
- ii. Carbuncles
- iii. Ulcer
- iv. Piles
- v. Wound
- vi. Burn and scales
- vii. Fracture
- viii. Dislocation and sprain

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- ix. Head and spinal cord injuries
- x. Bleeding
- xi. Foreign body in eye, ear, nose and throat
- xii. Conjunctivitis, iritis, trachoma, cataract, stye. Otitis externa
- xiii. Common problem of teeth and mouth xiv. Acute abdominal problem xv.

Acute appendicitis

- xvi. Acute cholecystitis
- xvii Instinal obstnection
- xviii. Hydrocele
- xix. Hermia
- xx. Tumor
- 9. Pharmacy and Pharmacology
- A. Pharmacy
- i. Terminology used inn pharmacy
- ii. Appendicitis
- iii. Dysentery
- iv. Gastroenteritis
- v. Hepato-splenomegaly
- c. Respiratory system
- i. Common cold
- ii. Tonsillitis
- iii. Pharyngitis
- ii. Simple pharmaceutical calculation according to Indian pharmacopoeia (IP) and British pharmacopoeia (BP) and formulatory
- iii. Inventory management
- iv. Dispensing
- v. Narcotic drugs management
- vi. Banded drugs
- A. Pharmacology
- i. Terms used in pharmacology
- ii. Meaning and types of Antibiotic
- iii. Action, use, dose, general side effects and contradiction of the drugs used
- in different systems:
- 1. Digestive systems

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- 2. Respiratory system
- iv. Condition
- 1. Pain
- 2. Fever
- 3. Inflammation
- 4. Locally used preparations
- 5. Antihypertensive drugs
- 6. Nutritional Supplementory Drugs
- 7. Vaccines
- 8. Hormones
- 9. Oral rehydration therapy
- 10. Parental solution

10. Health Culture and Communication:

- i. Changes, process and barrier of changes in community
- ii. Traditional belief and health related taboos
- iii. Traditonal medicine practice in Nepal
- iv. Concept of family health
- v. Health and disease spectrum
- vi. Health reporting and recording

Health Management:

- i. Health care system in Nepal
- ii. Job Description of Auxiliay health Worker (AHW) and Ausiliary Nurse Midwife (ANM)
- iii. Primary Health Care (PHC): definition and components
- iv. Job description of malaria inspector/Vector control Assistent/Målaria Assistant/Cold_chain Assistant.

Management of

- i. Health posts
- ii. Clinics
- iii. Health Camps
- iv. In service Training
- v. Inventory
- vi. Chart and Diagram

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vii. Meeting

viii. Problem solving

ix. Leaves

x. Recording and reporting

xi. Supervision and monitoring

नोटः वस्तुगत बहुबैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरूको गतल उत्तर दिएमा २० प्रतिशत अङ्क कट्टा हुनेछ ।

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